



A hybrid approach for the integration of heterogeneous data in the urban planning domain

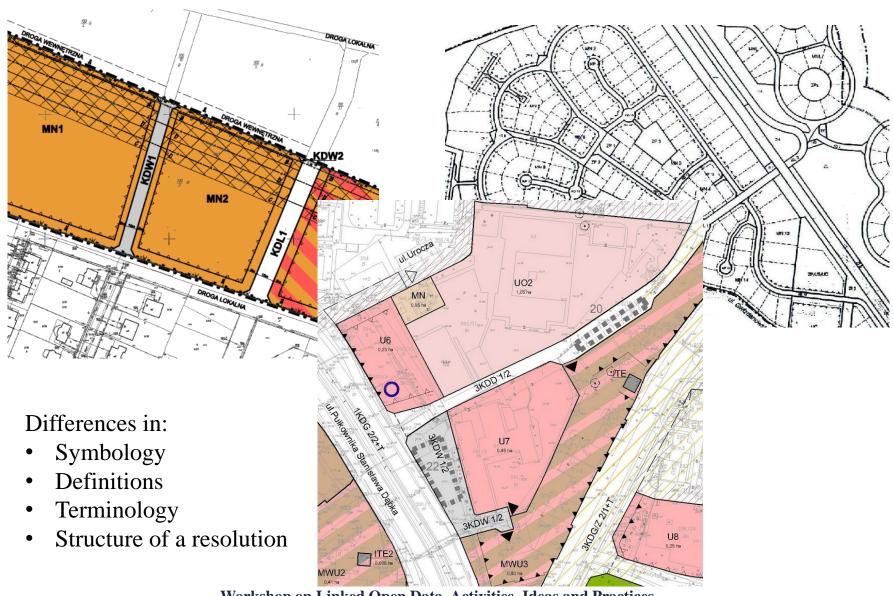
Iwona Kaczmarek, Adam Iwaniak

Wroclaw University of Environmental and Life Sciences, Poland

SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT PLANS

- Basic instrument of the communal spatial policy
- Act of local law. It means that is binding for commune bodies, public institutions, and all citizens
- Must be accessible for everyone
- Interdisciplinarity:
 - Urban and architectural issues,
 - Development parameters and indicators,
 - Environmental issues,
 - Cultural (cultural heritage) issues,
 - Technical infrastructure, transportation issues,
 - Public safety, prediction and counteracting the effects of possible natural disasters.
- Main aims of the plan are:
 - establish the designation of defined areas,
 - identify the ways for their development,
 - identify conditions of development,
 - location of public investments.

HETEROGENEITY OF PLANS

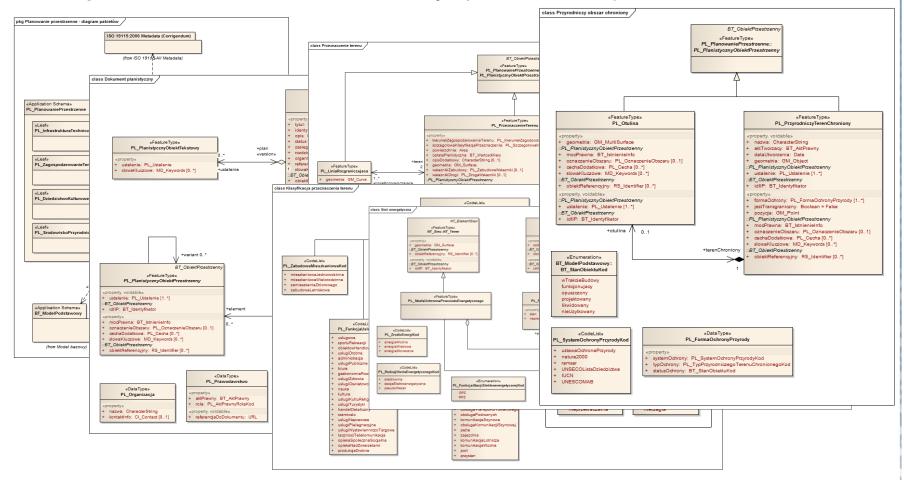


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How we deal with such diversity?

MODELS FOR SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT PLANS

- INSPIRE Application Schema for Land Use
- Proposal from Polish Ministry (not formal)



SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT PLANS IN LOD

LOD PRINCIPLES

- RDF data are a building blocks of Linked Data
- To publishing LOD we must follow steps:
 - identifying things by using URIs
 - choosing vocabularies (reusing ontologies)
 - producing RDF statements to describe the things
 - create RDF links
 - serving RDF data on the Web

SPATIAL PLANNING ONTOLOGY

Specification:. • The purpose and the scope of the ontology are identified. • A conceptual model of the ontology is constructed. It consists of the different concepts, relations and properties Conceptualization: that can occur in the domain. • The conceptual model is translated into a formal model Formalization for example by adding axioms that restrict the possible interpretations of the model. • The formal model is implemented in a knowledge Implementation: representation language, for example OWL. The implemented ontology has to be constantly Maintenance: evaluated, updated and corrected. To update an ontology, the previous steps can be used.

(Pinto and Martins, 2004)

SPATIAL PLANNING ONTOLOGY

- Middle-out ontology approach (Uschold, 1996)
- Competency questions (Gruninger, 1994)

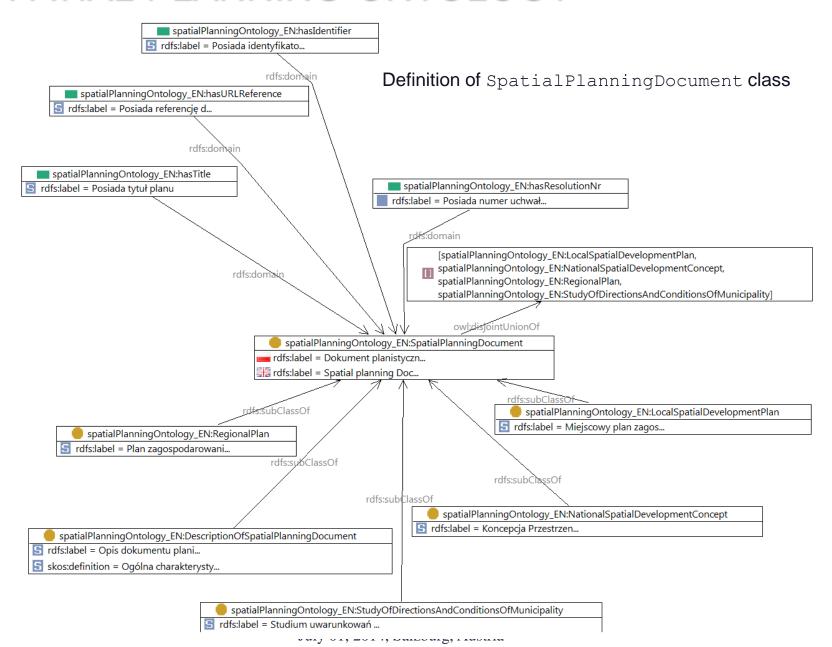
Spatial development plan:

- What kind of document is spatial development plan?
- What are the components of spatial development plan?
- *In what scales the spatial development plan can be prepared?*
- Does a spatial development plan exist in a given area?
- How many spatial development plans are obligatory in a given municipality/region?
- •

Provisions of spatial development plan:

- Search for areas in plans which has a single-family housing designation as a primary function. What is the allowed maximum height of a building there?
- What is a designation of areas in a given plan?
- Search for all areas which are designated for given function (eg. sport and leisure)?
- What is maximum and minimum development intensity in a given area?
- ...

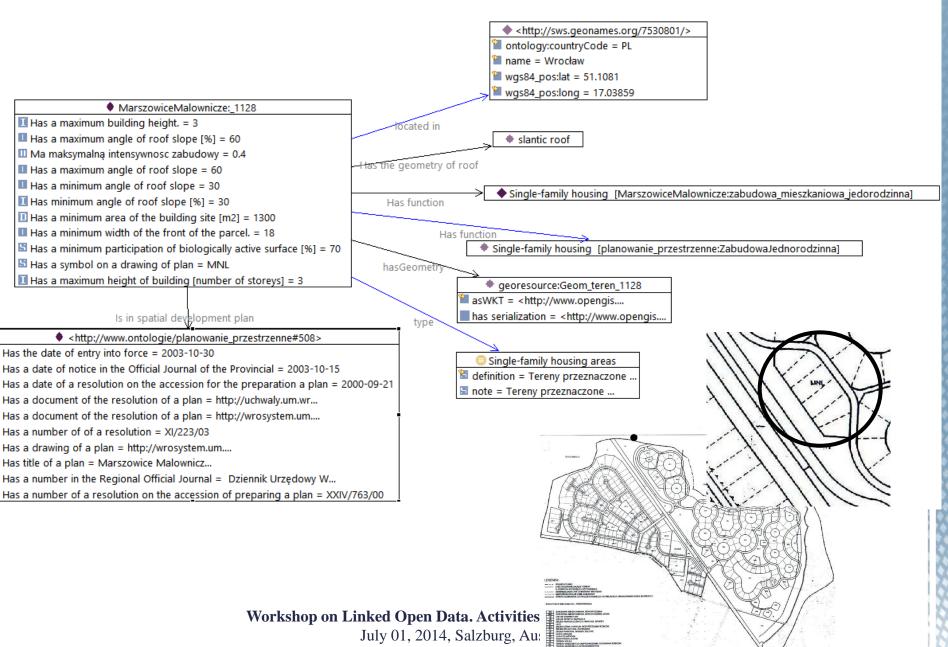
SPATIAL PLANNING ONTOLOGY



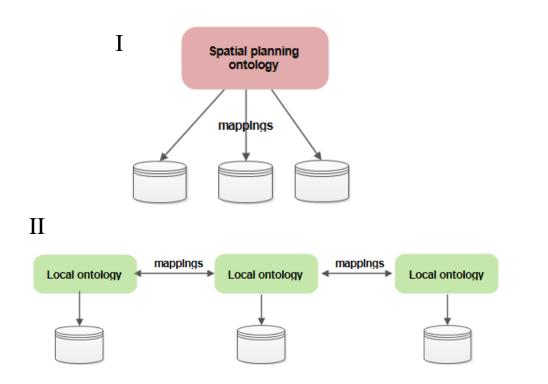
ALIGNMENT WITH GEOSPARQL AND GEONAMES

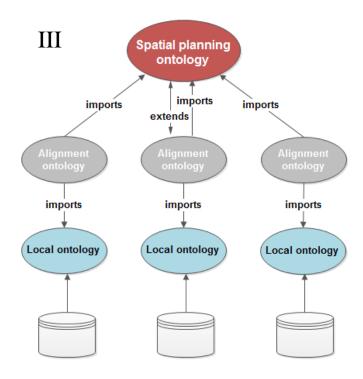
	spatialPlanningOntology: SpatialPlanningArea
Annotations	rdfs:label "Spatial planning area"
	skos:closeMatch http://tezaurus.org/concepts/Spatial_planning_area
	jena:rule [rule: (?x rdf:type spatialPlanningOntology:LocalPlan), (?x
	spatialPlanningOntology:hasLocalPlanArea?y) (?y ontology:locatedIn ?z), (?x
	spatialPlanningOntology:hasSpatialPlanningArea ?v) -> (?v ontology:locatedIn ?z)]
Class axioms	rdfs:subClassOf geosparql:SpatialObject
	rdfs:subClassOf geosparql:Feature
	rdfs:subClassOf spatialPlanningOntology:SpatialPlanningObject
	owl: equivalentClass: ontology:locatedIn only spatialPlanningOntology:AreaOfPlan
Properties	rdfs:type Class

REPRESENTATION OF SPATIAL PLANNING AREA

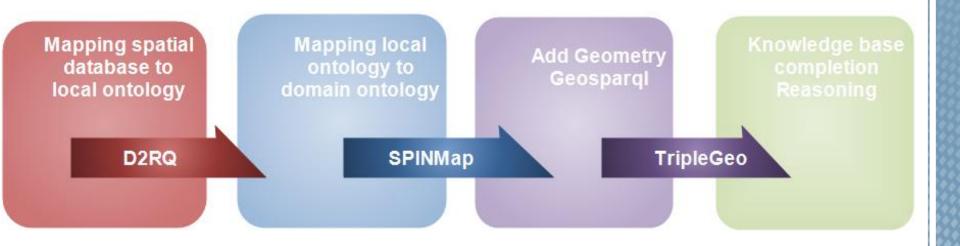


INTEGRATION OF SPATIAL PLANNING DATA





INTEGRATION OF SPATIAL PLANNING DATA



SPARQL QUERIES

```
SELECT ?zone
WHERE {
?zone spatial pl ont:isInPlan ?plan .
?plan spatial pl ont:hasTitle
"Miejscowy plan zagospodarowania przestrzennego w rejonie obszaru
rozwoju Marszowice Malownicze IV we Wrocławiu" .
?zone spatial pl ont:hasFutureLandUse
spatial pl ont:residential}
TITMIT 10
[teren]
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1128
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1129
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1354
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1355
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1356
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1358
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1359
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1450
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1457
MarszowiceMalownicze: 1460
```

CONCLUSIONS

- Spatial development plans only for human consumption,
- RDF can be a way how to publish spatial development plans according to Web of Data,
- It allows for integration of spatial planning data from different sources,
- It allows for effective discovery of plans,
- No need to change the structure of plans,
- Need for common, shared ontology for spatial planning.

Thank you for your attention

iwona.kaczmarek@up.wroc.pl